

**ACME COMMUNICATIONS, Inc.**

**Quarterly Financial Report  
(unaudited)**

**September 30, 2008**

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**ACME Communications, Inc. and Subsidiaries**  
**Consolidated Balance Sheets**

(In thousands, except share data)

	<b>September 30, 2008</b>	<b>December 31, 2007</b>
	<b>(Unaudited)</b>	
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 532	\$ 891
Restricted cash	50	50
Accounts receivable, net	6,301	6,453
Current portion of programming rights	5,698	5,975
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	277	226
Assets held for sale	268	268
Total current assets	13,126	13,863
Property and equipment, net	12,342	14,446
Programming rights, net of current portion	11,605	12,077
Goodwill, net	14,720	14,720
Broadcast licenses, net	34,559	46,518
Other assets	92	355
Total assets	\$ 86,444	\$ 101,979
<b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 2,502	\$ 2,671
Accrued liabilities	5,252	4,936
Current portion of programming rights payable	6,272	6,437
Current portion of obligations under lease	46	46
Income taxes payable	350	252
Total current liabilities	14,422	14,342
Programming rights payable, net of current portion	13,797	13,528
Obligations under lease, net of current portion	765	800
Other liabilities	180	228
Deferred income taxes	7,920	9,964
Total liabilities	37,084	38,862
Commitments and contingencies		
Stockholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value; 10,000,000 shares authorized, no shares issued or outstanding	---	---
Common stock, \$0.01 par value; 50,000,000 shares authorized, 16,772,415 shares issued and 16,046,763 outstanding at September 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007	168	168
Additional paid-in capital	132,988	132,857
Accumulated deficit	(78,796)	(64,908)
Less: Treasury stock, at cost; 725,652 shares	(5,000)	(5,000)
Total stockholders' equity	49,360	63,117
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 86,444	\$ 101,979

See the accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

**ACME Communications, Inc. and Subsidiaries**  
**Consolidated Statements of Operations**  
(Unaudited)  
(In thousands, except per share data)

	<u>Three Months Ended</u>		<u>Nine Months Ended</u>	
	<u>September 30,</u>		<u>September 30,</u>	
	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>
Net revenues	\$ 8,482	\$ 8,050	\$ 25,310	\$ 23,621
Operating expenses:				
Cost of service:				
Programming, including program amortization	3,782	3,132	11,450	8,613
Other costs of service (excluding depreciation and amortization of \$681 and \$828 for the three months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively, and \$2,101 and \$2,412 for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively)	1,440	1,280	4,009	3,817
Selling, general and administrative expenses	2,880	2,957	8,820	8,801
Depreciation and amortization	690	836	2,122	2,434
Impairment of broadcast licenses	---	3,700	11,959	3,700
Lease termination costs	---	---	653	---
Corporate expenses	578	804	1,769	2,690
Operating expenses	<u>9,370</u>	<u>12,709</u>	<u>40,782</u>	<u>30,055</u>
Operating loss	(888)	(4,659)	(15,472)	(6,434)
Other income (expenses):				
Interest, net	(64)	5	(397)	39
Equity in loss of unconsolidated affiliate	---	---	---	(251)
Loss from continuing operations before income taxes	(952)	(4,654)	(15,869)	(6,646)
Income tax benefit (expense)	(81)	2,125	1,964	2,046
Loss from continuing operations	<u>(1,033)</u>	<u>(2,529)</u>	<u>(13,905)</u>	<u>(4,600)</u>
Discontinued operations (Note 3):				
Income (loss) from discontinued operations before income taxes	(11)	(231)	17	24,492
Income tax expense	---	(1,221)	---	(1,428)
Income (loss) from discontinued operations	<u>(11)</u>	<u>(1,452)</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>23,064</u>
Net income (loss)	<u>\$ (1,044)</u>	<u>\$ (3,981)</u>	<u>\$ (13,888)</u>	<u>\$ 18,464</u>
Net income (loss) per share, basic and diluted				
Continuing operations	\$ (0.06)	\$ (0.16)	\$ (0.87)	\$ (0.29)
Discontinued operations	---	(0.09)	---	1.44
Net income (loss) per share	<u>\$ (0.07)</u>	<u>\$ (0.25)</u>	<u>\$ (0.87)</u>	<u>\$ 1.15</u>
Weighted average basic and diluted common shares outstanding	<u>16,047</u>	<u>16,047</u>	<u>16,047</u>	<u>16,047</u>

See the accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

**ACME Communications, Inc. and Subsidiaries**  
**Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity**  
**(Unaudited)**  
**(In thousands)**

	<u>Common Stock</u>		<u>Additional Paid-in Capital</u>	<u>Accumulated Deficit</u>	<u>Treasury Stock</u>	<u>Total Stockholders' Equity</u>
	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Amount</u>				
Balance at December 31, 2007	16,772	\$ 168	\$ 132,857	\$ (64,908)	\$ (5,000)	\$ 63,117
Stock-based compensation	---	---	131	---	---	131
Net loss	---	---	---	(13,888)	---	(13,888)
Balance at September 30, 2008	<u>16,772</u>	<u>\$ 168</u>	<u>\$ 132,988</u>	<u>\$ (78,796)</u>	<u>\$ (5,000)</u>	<u>\$ 49,360</u>

See the accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

**ACME Communications, Inc. and Subsidiaries**  
**Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows**  
**(Unaudited)**  
**(In thousands)**

	<b>For the Nine Months Ended</b>	
	<b>September 30,</b>	
	<b>2008</b>	<b>2007</b>
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income (loss)	\$ (13,888)	\$ 18,464
Less: Income from discontinued operations, net of income tax	(17)	(23,064)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash used in operating activities:		
Equity in loss of unconsolidated affiliate	---	251
Provision for doubtful accounts receivable	166	178
Depreciation and amortization	2,122	2,434
Impairment of broadcast licenses	11,959	3,700
Lease termination costs	653	---
Amortization of program rights	5,724	4,305
Amortization of prepaid financing costs	280	---
Stock-based compensation	131	302
Deferred income taxes	(2,044)	368
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Increase in accounts receivables	(135)	(187)
Increase in prepaid expenses and other current assets	(51)	(13)
Increase in other assets	(14)	---
Decrease in accounts payable	(164)	(125)
Decrease in accrued liabilities	(288)	(475)
Increase (decrease) in income taxes payable	98	(2,506)
Payments of programming rights payable	(4,879)	(4,665)
(Decrease) increase in other liabilities	(48)	205
Net cash used in operating activities	(395)	(828)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchase of property and equipment	(67)	(1,766)
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment	50	---
Investment in unconsolidated affiliate	---	(155)
Proceeds from sale of assets - discontinued operations	---	43,960
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(17)	42,039

See the accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

**ACME Communications, Inc. and Subsidiaries**  
**Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows - Continued**  
**(Unaudited)**  
**(In thousands)**

	<b>For the Nine Months Ended</b>	
	<b>September 30,</b>	
	<b>2008</b>	<b>2007</b>
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Borrowings under revolving credit facility	\$       ---	\$       2,745
Payments on revolving credit facility	---	(36,550)
Payment of financing costs on credit facility	(3)	---
Payments on capital lease obligations	(35)	(37)
Payment of dividend	---	(8,022)
Net cash used in financing activities	(38)	(41,864)
Decrease in net cash from continuing operations	(450)	(653)
Reconsolidation of The Daily Buzz, LLC at March 31, 2007	---	21
Discontinued operations:		
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	91	(34)
Net cash used in investing activities	---	(29)
Net cash used in financing activities	---	(35)
Net cash provided by (used in) discontinued operations	91	(98)
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(359)	(730)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	891	1,113
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$       532	\$       383
Cash payments for:		
Interest	\$       123	\$       987
Taxes, net of refunds	\$       17	\$       413
Non-cash transactions:		
Program rights in exchange for program rights payable (continuing operations)	\$       4,978	\$       5,038

See the accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

**ACME Communications, Inc. and Subsidiaries**  
**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**  
**(Unaudited)**

(1) Formation and Description of the Business

*Formation and Presentation*

The Company commenced operations in 1997 and ACME Communications, Inc. was formed as the Company’s holding company on July 23, 1999, in preparation for and in conjunction with an initial public offering of its stock.

On February 16, 2007, the Company completed the sale of station WTVK, serving the Ft. Myers – Naples, Florida marketplace, to Sun Broadcasting, Inc. (the “Sun Transaction”). On June 14, 2007, the Company entered into an agreement to sell station WBUI serving the Champagne-Springfield-Decatur marketplace to Gocom Media of Illinois, LLC (the “Gocom Transaction”). The Gocom Transaction was completed on October 25, 2007. In accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, the accompanying statement of operations and cash flows reflect the results of stations WTVK and WBUI as discontinued operations for all periods presented.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are presented for ACME Communications, Inc. (“ACME” or the “Company”) and its wholly-owned subsidiaries, including The Daily Buzz, LLC. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated for all periods presented. Segment information is not presented since all of the Company’s revenues are attributed to a single reportable segment.

The Company adopted the provisions of Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) Interpretation No. 46R, *Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities* (“FIN 46R”), effective January 1, 2004. On that same date, the Company’s joint venture (The Daily Buzz, LLC) with Emmis Communications (“Emmis”) to produce *The Daily Buzz*, a weekday morning three-hour television news show, became effective. Under the agreement, the Company made an initial contribution of property and equipment with an agreed fair value and book value of \$750,000 and Emmis was required to contribute the next \$750,000 in capital equipment purchased by the venture and based thereon, the Company included The Daily Buzz, LLC in its consolidated financial statements. Effective July 1, 2006, when Emmis completed its matching capital contribution, the Company was no longer deemed the primary beneficiary and deconsolidated the venture. In March 2007, the Company acquired all of Emmis’ interest in the venture and reconsolidated the venture effective March 31, 2007 using the equity-method of accounting for its results of operations for the first quarter of 2007. Effective April 1, 2007, the Company included the results of The Daily Buzz in its consolidated results of operations.

*Nature of Business*

ACME Communications, Inc. is a holding company with no independent operations other than through its indirect wholly-owned subsidiary, ACME Television, LLC (“ACME Television”). As of September 30, 2008, ACME Television, through its wholly-owned subsidiaries, owned and operated the following seven commercially licensed, full-power, broadcast television stations located throughout the United States, including KWBR in Roswell, New Mexico, the Company’s satellite station of KWBQ:

<u>Station - Channel</u>	<u>Market</u>	<u>Market Ranking (1)</u>	<u>Network Affiliation (2)</u>
KWBQ – 19 / KWBR - 21	Albuquerque – Santa Fe, NM	44	CW
KASY - 50	Albuquerque – Santa Fe, NM	44	MNT
WBXX - 20	Knoxville, TN	58	CW
WBDT – 26	Dayton, OH	62	CW
WIWB – 14	Green Bay – Appleton, WI	70	CW
WBUW – 57	Madison, WI	85	CW

(1) Based on television households per Nielsen Market Research for the 2007 / 2008 broadcast season.

(2) “CW” refers to The CW Television Network and “MNT” refers to MyNetworkTV.

ACME Communications, Inc. trades on the over the counter market under “ACME”.

#### *Adoption of New Accounting Standards*

Effective January 1, 2008, the Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (“SFAS”) No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements* (“SFAS 157”) for its financial assets and liabilities. In February 2008, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position (“FSP”) No. FAS 157-2, *Effective Date of FASB Statement No. 157*, which delays the effective date of SFAS 157 for nonfinancial assets and liabilities, except for items that are recognized or disclosed at fair value in the financial statements on a recurring basis (at least annually), to fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2008 and interim periods within those fiscal years. SFAS 157 establishes a framework for measuring fair value under generally accepted accounting principles and expands disclosures about fair value measurement. The adoption of SFAS 157 on January 1, 2008 did not have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159, *The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities – including an amendment of FASB Statement No. 115* (“SFAS 159”) effective as of the beginning of the first fiscal year that begins after November 15, 2007. SFAS 159 permits entities to choose to measure many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in earnings for each reporting period. The adoption of SFAS 159 on January 1, 2008 did not have any effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements as the Company did not elect any eligible items for fair value measurement.

#### *Recent Accounting Pronouncements*

In October 2008, the FASB issued FSP SFAS No. 157-3, *Determining the Fair Value of a Financial Asset When The Market for That Asset Is Not Active*, or FSP 157-3, to clarify the application of the provisions of SFAS 157 in an inactive market and how an entity would determine fair value in an inactive market. FSP 157-3 is effective immediately.

In June 2008, the FASB issued FSP No. Emerging Issue Task Force (“EITF”) 03-6-1, *Determining Whether Instruments Granted in Share-Based Payment Transactions Are Participating Securities* (“FSP EITF 03-6-1”). FSP EITF 03-6-1 concluded that unvested share-based payment awards that contain nonforfeitable rights to dividends or dividend equivalents (whether paid or unpaid) are participating securities and shall be included in the computation of basic earnings per share (“EPS”) pursuant to the two-class method. This FSP becomes effective on April 1, 2009. Early adoption of the FSP is not permitted; however, it will apply retrospectively to EPS data for all periods presented in the financial statements or in financial data. The Company currently does not anticipate that this FSP will have a material impact on the Company's EPS data in fiscal year 2009 or on EPS for any prior periods presented in the financial data upon adoption.

In May 2008, the FASB issued SFAS No. 162, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles* (“SFAS 162”). This Statement is intended to improve financial reporting by identifying a consistent framework, or hierarchy, for selecting accounting principles to be used in preparing financial statements that are presented in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for nongovernmental entities. SFAS 162 is effective 60 days following the SEC's approval of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board Auditing amendments to AU Section 411, *The Meaning of Present Fairly in Conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles*. It is only effective for nongovernmental entities. The Company does not expect the adoption of SFAS 162 to have a material effect on its consolidated financial statements.

In April 2008, the FASB finalized FSP No. 142-3, *Determination of the Useful Life of Intangible Assets* (“FSP 142-3”). The position amends the factors that should be considered in developing renewal or extension assumptions used to determine the useful life of a recognized intangible asset under FASB SFAS No. 142, *Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets*. The position applies to intangible assets that are acquired individually or with a group of other assets and both intangible assets acquired in business combinations and asset acquisitions. FSP 142-3 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008, and interim periods within those fiscal years. The Company does not expect the adoption of FSP 142-3 to have a material effect on its consolidated financial statements.

In March 2008, the FASB issued SFAS No. 161, *Disclosure about Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities, an amendment of FASB Statement No. 133* (“SFAS 161”). This Statement changes the disclosure requirements for derivative instruments and hedging activities. Entities are required to provide enhanced disclosures about (a) how and why an entity uses derivative instruments, (b) how derivative instruments and related hedged items are accounted for

under Statement 133 and its related interpretations, and (c) how derivative instruments and related hedged items affect an entity's financial position, financial performance, and cash flows. This Statement is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years and interim periods beginning after November 15, 2008, with early application encouraged. The Company does not expect the adoption of SFAS 161 to have a material effect on its consolidated financial statements.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 141(R), *Business Combinations* ("SFAS 141(R)"), which replaces SFAS No. 141, *Business Combinations*, requires an acquirer to recognize the assets acquired, the liabilities assumed, and any non-controlling interest in the acquiree at the acquisition date, measured at their fair values as of that date, with limited exceptions. This Statement also requires the acquirer in a business combination achieved in stages to recognize the identifiable assets and liabilities, as well as the non-controlling interest in the acquiree, at the full amounts of their fair values. SFAS 141(R) makes various other amendments to authoritative literature intended to provide additional guidance or to confirm the guidance in that literature to that provided in this Statement. This Statement applies prospectively to business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period beginning on or after December 15, 2008. The Company does not expect the adoption of SFAS 141(R) to have a material effect on its consolidated financial statements.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 160, *Non-controlling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements* ("SFAS 160"), which amends Accounting Research Bulletin No. 51, *Consolidated Financial Statements*, to improve the relevance, comparability, and transparency of the financial information that a reporting entity provides in its consolidated financial statements. SFAS No. 160 establishes accounting and reporting standards that require the ownership interests in subsidiaries not held by the parent to be clearly identified, labeled and presented in the consolidated statement of financial position within equity, but separate from the parent's equity. This statement also requires the amount of consolidated net income attributable to the parent and to the non-controlling interest to be clearly identified and presented on the face of the consolidated statement of income. Changes in a parent's ownership interest while the parent retains its controlling financial interest must be accounted for consistently, and when a subsidiary is deconsolidated, any retained non-controlling equity investment in the former subsidiary must be initially measured at fair value. The gain or loss on the deconsolidation of the subsidiary is measured using the fair value of any non-controlling equity investment. The Statement also requires entities to provide sufficient disclosures that clearly identify and distinguish between the interests of the parent and the interests of the non-controlling owners. This Statement applies prospectively to all entities that prepare consolidated financial statements and applies prospectively for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning on or after December 15, 2008. The Company does not expect the adoption of SFAS 160 to have a material effect on its consolidated financial statements.

## (2) Presentation of Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

The accompanying consolidated financial statements for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007 are unaudited and have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. In the opinion of management, such consolidated financial statements include all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for the fair presentation of the financial position and the results of operations, and cash flows for these periods. These consolidated financial statements do not include all disclosures and footnotes normally included with annual consolidated financial statements, and accordingly, should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements, and the notes thereto, included in the Company's 2007 Annual Report, which can be found on the Company's website at [www.acmecomunciations.com](http://www.acmecomunciations.com). The results of operations presented in the accompanying consolidated financial statements are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2008.

The accompanying consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2007 is derived from the audited consolidated financial statements included in the Company's 2007 Annual Report.

## (3) Discontinued Operations

As described in Note (1), the Company's stations WTVK serving the Ft. Myers-Naples marketplace (sold on February 16, 2007) and WBUI serving the Champagne-Springfield-Decatur marketplace (sold on October 25, 2007) have been treated as discontinued operations.

As of September 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007, assets held for sale were \$268,000 and consisted of the studio and land of our station WBUI.

Summarized operating results of our discontinued operations are as follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Net revenues	\$ ---	\$ 568	\$ ---	\$ 2,735
Income (loss) from operations, before gain on sale and income tax expense	(11)	(231)	17	(3,414)
Gain on sale of assets	-	-	-	27,906
Income tax expense	-	(1,221)	-	(1,428)
Income (loss) from discontinued operations	\$ (11)	\$ (1,452)	\$ 17	\$ 23,064

#### (4) Acquisition of Interest in The Daily Buzz, LLC

In March 2007, the Company acquired the remaining 50% interest in The Daily Buzz, LLC from Emmis for \$1 and became the sole owner of the venture. The transaction was treated as a step acquisition and as of March 31, 2007, the Company reconsolidated the venture's balance sheet into its consolidated financial statements. The fair value of the assets acquired via Emmis 50% interest were approximately \$336,000 and the fair value of the liabilities assumed, including Emmis share of projected operating losses through August 31, 2007, were \$449,000. No goodwill was recorded in this acquisition. As the operating results of The Daily Buzz, LLC from the date of the acquisition of Emmis' interest through March 31, 2007 were not material, the Company used the equity method of accounting to reflect its share of the venture's operating results for the entire three months ended March 31, 2007 and effective April 1, 2007 reconsolidated the operating results.

#### (5) Programming Rights

Our programming rights are stated, on a gross basis, at the lower of amortized cost or estimated realizable value. Generally, programming rights are amortized over the life of the contract on a straight-line basis related to the usage of the program. Any reduction in unamortized costs to net realizable value is included in amortization of program rights in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations. We evaluate estimated realizable value of programming rights based on current usage and revenue performance and projected future revenue and usage of such programs. Changes in our programming schedule could impact the estimated realizable value of programming. In addition, estimates of future revenue performance relate to the number of advertising spots we sell and the amount generated from such sales. A decrease in the number of spots sold or the amount for such sales could also impact our estimated realizable value. During the nine months ended September 30, 2008 we recorded write-downs of programming rights due to impairments for our Continuing Stations of \$1,127,000 due primarily to changed assumptions about where the underlying programs would run in the future on our schedule. There were no write-downs of programming rights for the nine months ended September 30, 2007.

#### (6) Accounting for Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

Intangible assets consist of FCC broadcast licenses and goodwill and represent a substantial portion of the Company's total assets.

As required by SFAS 142 *Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets*, the Company evaluates its goodwill and FCC broadcast licenses for possible impairment annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that such assets might be impaired. For purposes of testing the carrying value of the Company's FCC broadcast licenses for impairment, the fair value estimate of FCC broadcast licenses contains significant assumptions incorporating variables that are based on past experiences and judgments about future performance, including estimates for the growth rate of advertising expenditures in each market, the station's projected share of those market revenues, its profit margin of an average station within a market, risk-adjusted discount rates and expected growth rates in perpetuity to estimate terminal values. If the carrying amount of the FCC broadcast licenses is greater than estimated fair value in a given market, the carrying amount of the FCC broadcast license in that market is reduced to its estimated fair value, and such reduction may have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial condition and results of operations.

The events that triggered the need for our interim impairment analyses during the second quarter of 2008 included the continuing challenging business conditions, the recent substantial decline in the Company's stock price, the decline in selling prices of television stations, especially those considered "sticks" (i.e. start up stations with no assets other than their FCC broadcast license and transmission facilities) and the decline in both market advertising revenues in most of our markets and at some of the Company's television stations. We believe many of these factors have sustained impact on the value of our intangible assets. As a result of our impairment testing, the Company recorded a non-cash impairment charge of \$11,959,000 for its FCC broadcast licenses during the second quarter of 2008 which is included in the accompanying consolidated statement of operations. The Company has determined that there was no impairment of goodwill at September 30, 2008.

#### (7) Lease Termination Costs

In June 2008, the Company decided to cease using a back-up transmission facility for its Albuquerque-Santa Fe station and concurrently sold its related broadcast transmission line to an independent third party. In connection with that decision, the Company recorded a charge of approximately \$653,000, representing the present value of the projected remaining lease obligation for that facility which is included in "lease termination costs" in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 and the remaining obligation is included in accrued liabilities in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet at September 30, 2008.

#### (8) Stock-Based Compensation

On January 1, 2006, the Company adopted FASB Statement No. 123(R), *Share-Based Payment* using the modified prospective transition method. There were no stock options granted or any other type of share-based issuances during the nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007. Stock-based compensation expense for continuing operations was \$131,000 and \$302,000, for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively. Stock-based compensation expense for discontinued operations was \$0 and \$11,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively. As of September 30, 2008, there was \$17,000 of total unrecognized compensation cost related to unvested share-based compensation awards granted under the equity compensation plans which does not include the effect of future grants of equity compensation, if any. Of the total \$17,000, the Company expects to recognize approximately 21% in the remaining interim periods of 2008, and 79% in 2009.

#### (9) Income Taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes under the asset and liability method. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases and operating loss and tax credit carryforwards. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date. Deferred tax assets are reduced by a valuation allowance when, in the opinion of management, it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax asset will not be realized.

In June 2006, the FASB issued Interpretation (FIN) No. 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes* ("FIN 48"), which defines the threshold for recognizing the benefits of tax return positions in the financial statements as "more-likely-than-not" to be sustained by the taxing authority. A tax position that meets the "more-likely-than-not" criterion shall be measured at the largest amount of benefit that is more than 50% likely of being realized upon ultimate settlement. FIN 48 applies to all tax positions accounted for under SFAS No. 109, *Accounting for Income Taxes*. FIN 48 was effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006. The Company has reviewed its tax positions and determined that an adjustment to the tax provision is not considered necessary nor is a reserve for the income taxes required.

The income tax benefit of \$1,964,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 for continuing operations includes a deferred tax benefit of \$2,044,000 relating to reversals of deferred liabilities arising from the reduction of the difference between our book and tax amortization of intangibles caused by our write-off of FCC Broadcast licenses, net of a current tax expense of \$80,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2008. For the first nine months of 2007, continuing operations generated an income tax benefit of \$2,414,000 from tax losses able to be offset against current income from discontinued operations and a deferred tax expense of \$368,000 related to the difference between our book

and tax amortization of intangibles.

Income tax expense for discontinued operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 included a current tax expense of \$3,748,000 representing an estimate for current alternative minimum taxes resulting from the gain on the Sun Transaction in the amount of the full-year expected tax benefit for continued operations, and a deferred tax benefit of \$2,320,000 representing the reversal of the deferred tax liability at December 31, 2006 relating to the cumulative difference between the book and tax amortization of intangibles for the station sold.

#### (10) Notes Payable Under Revolving Credit Facility and Second-Lien Term Loan

On March 29, 2006, the Company restructured its revolving credit facility (the “Revolver”) and its second-lien term loan (the “SLTL”). The amendments to its Revolver and its SLTL reduced the Company’s prepayment penalties, eliminated all financial covenants effective December 31, 2005, reset the maximum advances under the Revolver to the lesser of \$60.0 million or 50% of the aggregate appraised STAC (“start-up stations with affiliation agreements”) and allowed the Company to borrow \$10.0 million that same date to reduce the outstanding borrowings on its higher interest rate SLTL from \$20.0 million to \$10.0 million. In addition, upon the successful completion of the Clear Channel Transaction, the amendment extended the maturity date for the Revolver to May 2009, allowed up to \$20.0 million in stock repurchases and required the Company to repay from the Clear Channel Transaction the final \$10.0 million in outstanding balances under its SLTL and terminate that agreement.

On April 4, 2006, the Company completed the Clear Channel Transaction and repaid the remaining balances under the SLTL. The remaining \$8.5 million of the \$18.5 million proceeds from the Clear Channel Transaction were used to reduce the outstanding borrowings under the Revolver.

On February 16, 2007, the Company completed the Sun Transaction and completely repaid the then outstanding borrowings and accrued interest under the Revolver of \$37.2 million. That same day the Company declared a \$0.50 dividend per common share that was paid on March 12, 2007 to holders of record at the close of business on February 26, 2007. The aggregate dividend was \$8.0 million and the Company used approximately \$7.0 million of the remaining proceeds from the Sun Transaction along with approximately \$1.0 million in new borrowings under the Revolver to make that dividend payment.

On May 30, 2007, the Company voluntarily elected to permanently reduce its advance rate to 20% of appraised STAC value which resulted in a reduction in the Company’s maximum allowed borrowings from \$39.9 million to approximately \$17.7 million and also reduced the Company’s borrowing rates by 250 basis points.

On October 25, 2007, the Company completed the Gocom Transaction and repaid all of its then outstanding borrowings of \$2.8 million under the Revolver.

Costs associated with the procuring and amending the Company’s credit facilities, including loan fees and related professional fees, are included in long-term other assets and are amortized on a straight-line basis, which approximates the effective interest method, over the term, including amended terms, of the facilities.

On May 7, 2008, the lenders agreed to the Company’s request to reduce the maximum available credit under the Revolver to \$6.0 million.

As of September 30, 2008, the Company had no outstanding borrowings under its Revolver and available credit was approximately \$6.0 million.

#### (11) Barter and Trade Transactions

Revenue and expenses associated with barter agreements in which broadcast time is exchanged for programming rights are recorded at the estimated average rate of the airtime exchanged. Barter revenue amounted to \$794,000 and \$767,000 during the three-month periods ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively and \$2,343,000 and \$2,245,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively. Trade transactions, which represent the exchange of advertising time for goods or services, are recorded at the estimated fair value of the products or services received based on comparable cash transactions. Barter and trade revenue is recognized when advertisements are broadcast. Merchandise or services received from airtime trade sales are charged to expense or capitalized and expensed when used.

(12) Income (Loss) Per Common Share

The Company calculates income (loss) per share in accordance with SFAS No. 128, *Earnings Per Share* (“SFAS 128”). SFAS 128 requires a presentation of basic earnings per share (“EPS”) and diluted EPS. Basic EPS includes no dilution and is computed by dividing income available to common stockholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period. Diluted EPS reflects the potential dilution from securities that could share in the earnings of the Company. In calculating diluted EPS, no potential shares of common stock are to be included in the computation when a loss from continuing operations available to common stockholders exists. The statement requires dual presentation of basic and diluted EPS by entities with complex capital structures.

Stock options outstanding amounted to 2,350,446 shares at September 30, 2008 and 2,358,346 shares at September 30, 2007 and were not included in the computation of diluted EPS because an inclusion of such shares would have been anti-dilutive.

## Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

### Forward Looking Statements

*This Quarterly Report includes forward-looking statements. We have based these forward-looking statements on our current expectations and projections about future events. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as "may," "will," "could," "expect," "believe," "should" or "might" or the negative of such terms or other comparable terminology. Forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause our and the television broadcast industry's actual results, levels of activity, performance, achievements and prospects to be materially different from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Actual results in the future could differ materially and adversely from those described in the forward-looking statements as a result of various important factors, including (but not limited to) an inability to selectively sell our stations, an inability of The CW Network or MyNetworkTV to attract and grow viewership, the impact of changes in national and regional economies, including advertising demand, pricing fluctuations in local and national advertising, volatility in programming costs and the other risk factors set forth in the Company's 2007 Annual Report.*

*These forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this Quarterly Report. We undertake no duty to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, after the date of this Quarterly Report. In light of these risks, uncertainties and assumptions, the forward-looking events discussed in this Quarterly Report might not occur.*

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this report.

### Overview

Since we reached a high of eleven television stations in 2002, we have been seeking to monetize shareholder value by the selective sale of our stations. We expect to continue to be sellers rather than buyers of television station assets.

Our six television stations and our satellite station in Albuquerque (collectively, our "Continuing Stations") are regionally diverse and operate in markets that range in size (based on television households, as measured by Nielsen Media Research) from the 44<sup>th</sup> through the 85<sup>th</sup> largest in the nation. All but one of our stations are affiliates of The CW Television Network. Our second station in the Albuquerque-Santa Fe marketplace is an affiliate of MyNetworkTV. Our Continuing Stations have only been on the air, or achieving measurable ratings, for 7-10 years.

We derive revenues primarily from the sale of advertising time to local, regional and national advertisers and, to a lesser extent, from program licensing fees related to *The Daily Buzz*. Our advertising revenues depend on popular programming that attracts audiences in the demographic groups targeted by advertisers, allowing us to sell advertising time at satisfactory rates. Similar to all commercial television stations, our rates are directly affected by the number of and demographic makeup of our viewing audience, as measured by Nielsen Media Research. Our revenues also depend significantly on factors such as the national and local economy and the level of local competition.

Approximately 65-75% of our revenues are derived from programming that airs between the hours of 5:00 p.m. to midnight. Network prime time, which is a subset of this broad daypart, accounts for 12-15% of our total revenues. Our Continuing Stations' 5:00 p.m. to midnight weighted average viewing shares among commercial stations in our markets increased slightly during the November 2007 and February 2008 sweeps period. In the May 2008 sweeps, our weighted average viewing shares among commercial stations in our markets increased 5% and for our metered markets, which are our largest three markets, increased 17% compared to the May 2007 sweeps results.

Our stations are generally ranked fifth (or in the case of our second station in the Albuquerque-Santa Fe market, sixth) amongst English-language commercial television stations in their respective markets in terms of either their share of viewers or their share of the market's broadcast television revenue. In periods of lower advertising demand – as has been the case for the past two years - competition from market leaders, generally the ABC, CBS, NBC and FOX affiliated stations, increases as these stations become more aggressive in their pricing to maintain their revenue share. Over the past several years, biennial political spending in the even years has grown substantially. While we do not directly benefit in any significant way from this political advertising since most such advertising generally targets viewers older than our normal viewing audience, we indirectly benefit as the increased demand for political advertising

reduces the overall inventory available to non-political advertisers in each market, which consequently increases the overall advertising price for such non-political advertisers. Calendar 2008 has seen significant turmoil in the stock and credit markets and the economy has deteriorated especially in the second half of the year. While political advertising has been robust, non-political advertising in our market declined 7% during the third quarter of 2008 compared to the third quarter of 2007. While market conditions were helped in October 2008 by the final full month of campaign expenditures, the distressed economy has resulted in softening demand for advertising for the balance of the fourth quarter and we believe these adverse market conditions will continue well into 2009. We are hopeful that our increased share of viewership will be sustained and translate into higher shares of market revenues to help offset declining demand.

Similar to the television advertising business in general, our revenues are usually greatest during the fourth quarter of each year, primarily due to increased expenditures by advertisers in anticipation of holiday season consumer spending and an increase in viewership during this period. We generally pay commissions to advertising agencies on local, regional and national advertising and to national sales representatives on national advertising. Our net revenues reflect deductions from gross revenues for commissions payable to advertising agencies and national sales representatives.

Our primary ongoing operating expenses are costs of services, selling, general and administrative expenses, corporate expenses, depreciation and amortization and expenses related to impairments in our broadcast licenses. Costs of services include programming costs, which consist primarily of amortization of programming rights relating to syndicated programs as well as costs associated with our morning news show, *The Daily Buzz* (which for 2007 was accounted for using the equity-method of accounting for the first three months and then consolidated for the last nine months of the year and through the present), news costs at our Dayton and Knoxville stations and music rights fees. Other costs of service include advertising expenses targeted at viewers, which is net of any reimbursement received or due to us for such advertising and promotion from our networks or from other program suppliers, and engineering and transmission related expenses. Selling, general and administrative expenses primarily include salaries, sales commissions to account executives, ratings service expenses, insurance and various related overhead expenses. Corporate expenses reflect costs of corporate management, which includes senior management and other centralized management support staff, along with investor relations expenses, professional fees, directors and officers insurance and other related corporate overhead.

### *Results of Operations*

Reclassifications have been made to certain amounts previously reported resulting from the 2007 sale of our WBUI, Decatur station and the treatment of the station as a discontinued operation.

#### *Three Months Ended September 30, 2008 Compared to September 30, 2007*

Net revenues from continuing operations for the third quarter of 2008 increased \$432,000, or 5%, to \$8.5 million compared to net revenues of \$8.1 million in the third quarter of 2007. Net revenues from our Continuing Stations increased 1% in the third quarter of 2008 compared to the third quarter of 2007, reflecting, on a weighted average basis, an 4% increase in our share of non-political advertising revenues in our markets and modest political revenue at two of our stations as the overall non-political market revenues actually decreased 7% compared to the third quarter of 2007.

Programming expenses increased \$650,000, or 21%, to \$3.8 million in the third quarter of 2008 from \$3.1 million in the third quarter of 2007. This increase relates primarily to a \$320,000 write-down of program license rights to adjust to net realizable value during the three months ended September 30, 2008 as well as higher programming amortization from new syndicated programming launched on our stations in September 2007 and to our news program launched at our Dayton station in August 2007.

Other costs of service increased \$160,000, or 13%, to \$1.4 million in the third quarter of 2008 from \$1.3 million in the third quarter of 2007 primarily due to slightly higher promotion costs in 2008.

Selling, general and administrative expenses for the third quarter of 2008 decreased \$77,000, or 3%, to \$2.9 million in the third quarter of 2008 from \$3.0 million in the third quarter of 2007 primarily due to lower incentive compensation expenses.

Depreciation and amortization decreased \$146,000, or 17%, to \$690,000 in the third quarter of 2008 from \$836,000 for the third quarter of 2007 due to more assets becoming fully depreciated compared to new assets placed in service over

the past year.

There were no impairment charges recorded during the third quarter of 2008 related to our FCC broadcast licenses. We recorded a \$3.7 million impairment charge relating to our FCC broadcast licenses in the third quarter of 2007.

Corporate expenses for the third quarter of 2008 decreased \$226,000, or 28%, to \$578,000 compared to \$804,000 for the third quarter of 2007 principally as a result of the waiver in November 2007 by our Chief Executive Officer of his consulting fee, reduced insurance costs and lower professional fees.

Our third quarter of 2008 income tax expense for continuing operations was \$81,000, compared to an income tax benefit of \$2.1 million for the third quarter of 2007. The income tax expense for the 2008 quarter relates primarily to the deferred tax resulting from the higher tax deductions compared to book deductions relating to intangible assets and to \$2,000 in current tax expense. The income tax benefit for the 2007 quarter was comprised of a \$1.7 million current tax benefit related to the utilization of the pre-tax losses of the continuing operations in 2007 to offset the tax on our income from discontinued operations and a \$405,000 deferred tax benefit related to the reversal of deferred tax liabilities due to the \$3.7 million impairment of broadcast licenses.

Our loss from continuing operations, net of tax expense, for the third quarter of 2008 was \$1.0 million, compared to a loss of \$2.5 million for the third quarter of 2007, primarily due to the impairment charge that was recorded on our FCC broadcast licenses during the third quarter of 2007. No such charge was taken during the third quarter of 2008.

Our loss from discontinued operations, net of income tax, for the third quarter of 2008 was \$11,000 compared to a net loss of \$1.5 million for the third quarter of 2007. The loss in the third quarter of 2007 reflected the operations of our Decatur station and interest expense.

As a result, our net loss for the third quarter of 2008 was \$1.0 million, compared to a net loss of \$4.0 million for the third quarter of 2007.

#### *Nine Months Ended September 30, 2008 Compared to September 30, 2007*

Net revenues from continuing operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 increased \$1,689,000, or 7%, to \$25.3 million compared to net revenues of \$23.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007. Net revenues from our Continuing Stations increased 2% reflecting, on a weighted-average basis, a near 5% increase in our share of non-political advertising revenues in our markets as the overall non-political market revenues actually decreased 4% compared to the same period for 2007. The Daily Buzz was not consolidated in the first quarter of 2007 and therefore the net revenues for the production had nine months of activity in 2008 compared to only six months of activity in 2007.

Programming expenses increased \$2,837,000, or 33%, to \$11.5 million in the first nine months of 2008 from \$8.6 million in the first nine months of 2007. The Daily Buzz was not consolidated in the first quarter of 2007 and therefore programming expense had nine months of activity in 2008 compared to only six months of activity in 2007. Additionally, we had \$1,127,000 in additional write-downs of program license rights to adjust to net realizable value in the first nine months of 2008 compared to the same period for 2007 as well as higher programming amortization from new syndicated programming launched on our stations in September 2007.

Other costs of service increased \$192,000, or 5%, to \$4.0 million in the first nine months of 2008 from \$3.8 million in the first nine months of 2007 primarily due to higher promotion costs in 2008.

Selling, general and administrative costs for the first nine months of 2008 remained almost unchanged at \$8.8 million when compared to the first nine months of 2007.

Depreciation and amortization decreased \$312,000, or 13%, to \$2.1 million for the first nine months of 2008 from \$2.4 million for the first nine months of 2007 due to more assets becoming fully depreciated compared to new assets placed in service over the past year.

We recorded an impairment charge relating to our FCC broadcast licenses of approximately \$12.0 million in the first nine months of 2008 as compared to an impairment charge of \$3.7 million in the first nine months of 2007 as a result of our review of intangible assets and our determination that these assets had been impaired.

We recorded lease termination costs of \$653,000 in the first nine months of 2008 as a result of the abandonment of our backup tower facility in New Mexico. There were no such charges during the same period for 2007.

Corporate expenses for the first nine months of 2008 decreased \$921,000, or 34%, to \$1.8 million compared to \$2.7 million for the first nine months of 2007 as a result of lower salaries and related expenses due to the June 2007 shut-down of the corporate graphics department, the death benefit expense incurred in June 2007 relating to one of our former officers, the waiver in November 2007 by our Chief Executive Officer of his consulting fee, reduced insurance costs and lower professional fees and insurance costs.

Our first nine months of 2008 tax benefit for continuing operations was \$2.0 million, compared to a tax benefit of \$2.0 million for the first nine months of 2007. The income tax expense for the first nine months of 2008 is comprised of a \$80,000 current tax expense and a \$2.0 million deferred tax benefit, which relates primarily to reversal of deferred tax liabilities resulting from the impairment of intangibles recorded during the second quarter. The income tax expense for the first nine months of 2007 included the utilization of an offsetting benefit in 2007 against the tax on our income from discontinued operations, net of the deferred tax associated with the amortization of our intangible assets for tax purposes.

Our loss from continuing operations, net of tax expense, for the first nine months of 2008 was \$13.9 million compared to a loss of \$4.6 million for the first nine months of 2007 primarily due to the impairment charge relating to our FCC broadcast licenses, the program write-down and lease termination expense, net of the decrease in corporate expenses as discussed above.

Our income from discontinued operations for the first nine months of 2008 was \$17,000, compared to \$23.1 million in income from discontinued operations for the first nine months of 2007. Our income in 2008 included a \$20,000 gain on the recovery of accounts receivable which had previously been written off. The income in 2007 included the gain on the Sun Transaction of \$27.9 million, income from station WTVK for the approximate 46 days we owned the station during the period, net of losses from station WBUI, interest expense and income tax expense of \$207,000. There was no income tax expense for discontinued operations for the first nine months of 2008.

As a result, our net loss for the first nine months of 2008 was \$13.9 million, compared to a net loss of \$18.5 million for the first nine months of 2007.

### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

Cash flow used by operating activities was \$395,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2008, compared to cash flow used by operating activities of \$828,000 for the first nine months of 2007. This decrease in cash flow usage of \$433,000 relates primarily to a decrease in corporate expenses and in working capital usage.

Cash flow used in investing activities during the first nine months of 2008 was \$17,000, consisting solely of capital expenditures, net of proceeds received for the sale of property and equipment, compared to cash flow provided by investing activities of \$42.0 million during the first nine months of 2007. The 2007 cash flow included \$44.0 million in net proceeds from the Sun Transaction, net of \$1.8 million in capital expenditures related to new commercial playback systems at all of our stations and our Daily Buzz facility move.

Cash flow used in financing activities was \$38,000 during the first nine months of 2008 compared to cash flow used of \$41.9 million during the first nine months of 2007, as we repaid all of the then current outstanding debt under our senior credit facility on the completion of the Sun Transaction but subsequently reborrowed \$2.7 million to partially fund our \$8.0 million dividend payment made in March 2007 and to fund ongoing working capital needs.

Cash flow provided by operating activities of our discontinued operations during the first nine months of 2008 was \$91,000 compared to cash flow used by operating activities in the first nine months of 2007 of \$34,000. This increase relates primarily to the fact that our first quarter 2007 cash from operations included the results of station WTVK, which was sold in February 2007.

There was no cash used in investing or financing activities for our discontinued operations for the first nine months of 2008, compared to net cash used in investing activities of \$29,000 which related to capital expenditures at station WBUI and payments of financing costs of \$35,000 in the first nine months of 2007.

On February 16, 2007, we completed the Sun Transaction and completely repaid the then outstanding borrowings and accrued interest under the Revolver of \$37.2 million. On May 30, 2007, we voluntarily elected to permanently reduce our advance rate to 20% of appraised STAC value, which resulted in a reduction in our maximum allowed borrowings from \$39.9 million to approximately \$17.7 million and also reduced our borrowing rates by 250 basis points. On October 25, 2007, we completed the Gocom Transaction and repaid all of our then outstanding borrowings of \$2.8 million under our Revolver, which further reduced our maximum available borrowings under our Revolver to \$16.9 million. On May 7, 2008, the lenders agreed to allow us to reduce our maximum borrowings under the Revolver to \$6.0 million. As of September 30, 2008, we had no outstanding borrowings under the Revolver and available credit was approximately \$6.0 million. We believe that any cash requirements to fund our operations, taxes and capital expenditures will be provided in the short-term by cash on hand and, to the extent required, by borrowings under our Revolver. Our Revolver matures on May 8, 2009 and prior to that date we expect to either extend through amendment or replace that facility. In the event we cannot amend or replace that credit facility, to the extent we need to borrow funds to support our ongoing operations, we may need to sell additional assets or raise additional equity. We cannot be assured that we can raise such additional funding, if required, at reasonable costs or at all.

### **Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

Our discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based upon our consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. On an on-going basis, we evaluate our estimates, including those related to program rights, bad debts, intangible assets, including our broadcast licenses, income taxes, and contingencies and litigation. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may materially differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions. Our critical accounting policies are fully disclosed in our 2007 Annual Report. There have been no material changes to these policies during the quarter ended September 30, 2008.

### **Other Information**

On October 14, 2008, we notified The NASDAQ Stock Market of our intent to voluntarily delist our common stock from the Nasdaq Global Market, and to voluntarily deregister our common stock under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 by filing with the Securities & Exchange Commission (“SEC”) a Form 25 relating to the delisting of our common stock on or about October 24, 2008, with the delisting of our common stock to be effective ten days thereafter.

Our last day of trading of our common stock on the Nasdaq Global Market was on Monday, November 3, 2008.

On November 4, 2008 we filed a Form 15 with the SEC to deregister our common stock under Section 12 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Upon the filing of the Form 15, our obligation to file certain reports with the SEC, including Forms 10-K, 10-Q, and 8K, was immediately suspended. We expect that the deregistration of our common stock will become effective 90 days after the date of filing of the Form 15 with the SEC.

Our common stock is currently quoted on the Pink Sheets(r), a centralized electronic quotation service for over-the-counter securities.